

## Immutep TACTI-002 and INSIGHT Clinical Results & Update Global Webcast Slides

Immutep will present these slides as part of its global webcast, as follows:

Date & Time: Thursday, 10 June 2021, at 7:00 am Australian Eastern Standard Time (AEST) / Wednesday, 9 June, at 5:00 p.m. U.S. Eastern Daylight Time

Register: Interested parties join the webcast by registering via https://fnn.webex.com/fnn/onstage/g.php?MTID=ebcdb72840d84111e57730c2b6cccd2c1

A replay of the webcast will also be available at www.immutep.com

(ASX: IMM, NASDAQ: IMMP)



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#### **Overview**





Immutep's product candidates have demonstrated clinical potential in a range of indications with high unmet need



## LAG-3 Overview & Product Candidates



## LAG-3 Pioneer: French immunologist Frédéric Triebel, PhD, MD Immutep CMO & CSO



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fr%C3%A9d%C3%A9ric\_Triebel

#### **Acceleration in the LAG-3 Space**



- Over 900 scientific publications dealing with LAG-3
- More than 80 clinical trials evaluating 19 LAG-3 product candidates
- Close to 20,000 patients estimated to be enrolled in clinical trials around the globe



**LAG-3 Scientific Publications** 

Source: PubMed

Source: GlobalData, May 2021

Immutep is the only company with four LAG-3 related compounds each with a different mechanism of action

#### LAG-3 Therapeutic Landscape Overview



		Company	Program	Preclinical	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Total Trials	Patients
	Agonist		Eftilagimod Alpha <sup>(5)</sup>		10	4		14	940
		BMS	Relatlimab		7	32	2	41	9,509
		<b>U</b> NOVARTIS	Leramilimab		1	4	Validation "demonstrate a benefit for	5	960
		Merck & Co. Inc.	Favezelimab		1	5	patients" <sup>(6)</sup>	6	1066
		Macrogenics	Tebotelimab		3	3		6	1514
λť		H-L Roche	RO7247669		1	2		3	538
Oncology	장	B.I.	BI754111		4	1		5	649
0	Antagonist	Regeneron <sup>(1)</sup>	Fianlimab		1	1		2	836
	An	Tesaro <sup>(3)</sup>	TSR-033		1	1		2	139
		Incyte	INCAGN02385		1	1		2	74
		Symphogen <sup>(2)</sup>	SYM022		3			3	169
		F-star	FS-118		2			2	102
		Innovent	IBI110		1			1	268
		Xencor	XmAb-22841		1			1	242
mune	Agonist		IMP761						
Autoimmune	Depleting AB	gsk <sup>(4)</sup>	GSK2831781 (IMP731)		2	1		3	164

Sources: GlobalData, Company websites, clinicaltrials.gov, and sec.gov, as of **June 2021**. The green bars above represent programs conducted by Immutep &/or its partners. Total trials includes all active, completed &/or inactive trials. Patient totals are based on estimated total enrolled &/or to be enrolled. Not a complete list of currently existing LAG-3 products.

 As of January 7, 2019 Regeneron is in full control of program and continuing development (https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/872589/000110465919000977/a19-1325\_18k.htm)

2) On 3 Apr. 2020 Les Laboratoires Servier Acquires Symphogen

 Tesaro was acquired by and is now part of GSK (www.gsk.com/en-gb/media/press-releases/gsk-completes-acquisition-of tesaro-an-oncology-focused-biopharmaceutical-company/) Includes two completed Phase I studies and one discontinued Phase 2 study

5) Including IITs, two planned trials (MBC trial by EOC and HNSCC trial) and the EAT COVID trial

6) RELATIVITY-047 (https://investors.bms.com/iframes/press-releases/press-release-details/2021/Bristol-Myers-Squibb-Announces-RELATIVITY-047-a-Trial-Evaluating-Anti-LAG-3-Antibody-Relatlimab-and-Opdivo-nivolumab-in-Patients-with-Previously-Untreated-Metastatic-or-Unresectable-Melanoma-Meets-Primary-Endpoint-of-Progression-Free-Survival/default.aspx)

## Immutep Mission: Targeting LAG-3 / MHC II

Multiple product candidates in numerous diseases





- Immutep is the only company with four LAG-3 related compounds, each with a different mechanism of action for treatment of numerous diseases
- ✓ Two major partnerships with pharma and two products under own development

### **MHC II / LAG-3 Interaction as a Therapeutic Target**

LAG-3, an immune checkpoint, is widely expressed on tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) and cytotoxic T cells, and interacts with MHC class II molecules on APCs

→ Prime target for immune therapy



**Positive regulation** of antigen presenting cells (**APCs**) via MHC II transferred activating signals  $\rightarrow$  increase in antigen presentation to cytotoxic CD8<sup>+</sup>T cells

**Negative regulation** of LAG-3<sup>+</sup> T Cells

 Relatlimab + 15 more products in clinical development

immut

 Clinical validation at ASCO 2021 (RELATIVITY-047 - relatlimab + nivolumab in melanoma)

MHC II (APC) / LAG-3 (T cell) interaction is important for tumor immunology

This APC / T cell interaction is now a validated target since ASCO 2021  $\rightarrow$  3<sup>rd</sup> validated checkpoint in immuno-oncology



## Eftilagimod Alpha (efti or IMP321)

#### Efti: an Innovative LAG-3 I-O Product Candidate

- Efti is a soluble LAG-3 protein targeting a subset of MHC class II on APC
- Potentially synergistic with other therapeutic agents, e.g. Immuno-Oncology (I-O) agents or chemotherapies

## Filiaginod Filiaginod Filiaginod Facility Cell Facility Cell Activated dendritic cell APC activation

## Efti is an MHC II agonist: APC activator

• boost and sustain the CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell responses

"PUSHING THE ACCELERATOR ON IMMUNE RESPONSES"

activate multiple immune cell subsets

LAG-3 antagonist, or blocking, antibodies: Immune checkpoint inhibitor

 increase cytotoxicity of the pre-existing CD8 T cell response

#### "RELEASING THE BRAKE ON THE T CELL"





### **Efti: Potential Pipeline in a Product**

Potential for use in various combination settings





## **Clinical Development** Efti: Main Trials\*



	Program	Preclinical	Phase I	Phase II	Late Stage <sup>(5)</sup>	Commercial Rights
		Metastatic Breast Cancer ( AIPAC	Chemo – IO)			
		Head and Neck Squamous TACTI-003	s Cell Carcinoma (IO – IO) <sup>(1) (</sup>	6)		
		Head and Neck Squamous TACTI-002	s Cell Carcinoma (IO – IO) <sup>(1)</sup>			
		Non-Small-Cell Lung Carci TACTI-002	inoma (IO – IO) <sup>(1)</sup>			
Oncology	Eftilagimod Alpha (Efti or IMP321)	<b>Solid Tumors (IO – IO)</b> <sup>(2), (3</sup> INSIGHT-004	3a)	Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany		Global Rights
Onco	APC activating soluble LAG-3 Protein	oluble LAG-3 Solid Tumors (IO – IO) (2),	36)	Merck KGaA, gsk	Ś	
		<b>Melanoma (IO – IO)</b> <sup>(1)</sup> TACTI-mel				
		Solid Tumors (In situ Imm INSIGHT	nunization) <sup>(2)</sup>			
		Solid Tumors (Cancer Vac YNP01 / YCP02 / CRESCE				
		Metastatic Breast Cancer (	Chemo – IO) <sup>(4b)</sup>			Chinese Rights
<u>Notes</u>	Information in aincling abort ourrant				in Japan b) Conducted by EOC in China Japan to b	

- 13 (1) In combination with KEYTRUDA® (pembrolizumab)
  (2) INSIGHT Investigator Initiated Trial ("IIT") is controlled by lead investigator and therefore Immutep has no control over this clinical trial
  (3) a) In combination with BAVENCIO® (avelumab); b) in combination with Bintrafusp alfa
- a) Conducted by CYTLIMIC in Japan; b) Conducted by EOC in China. Immutep has no control over either of these trials.



## Combining efti and anti-PD-1 pembrolizumab

**TACTI-002** 



#### Three types of patient tumors



#### Inflamed responder

- Considerable immune cell infiltration
  e.g.: CD8+ Tc; Macrophages
- High levels of IFN-γ produced → inducing high PD-L1 expression on tumor cells

#### Inflamed non-responder

- Some infiltrates in the tumor margins but no response.
- Medium levels of IFN-γ produced → inducing low PD-L1 expression on tumor cells

Due to low level of TH1 (IFN-γ) driven T-cell activation → unlikely to respond to ICI treatment

Likely responds to Immune

Checkpoint Inhibition

e.g.: anti-PD-1

#### Non-inflamed non-responder

- Minimal to no immune cell infiltration on the tumor margins.
- Low levels of IFN-γ produced → no induction of PD-L1 expression on tumor cells

Due to low numbers of infiltrating T-cells → unlikely to respond to ICI treatment

### TACTI-002 (Phase II) Design & Status



#### TACTI-002: Two ACTive Immunotherapeutics in NSCLC and HNSCC



## TACTI-002 (Phase II)

Safety



#### Efti + Pembro combination has a favourable safety profile

#### Summary TACTI-002 (N=115 in total)

- No (0%) treatment-related death
- 4 (3.5%) subjects with treatment (efti and/or pembro) related adverse events leading to discontinuation
- 57 pts (49.6%) had ≥ 1 adverse events ≥ grade 3
- No new safety signals of this combination identified until cutoff

#### Selected safety aspects of other treatment regimens

Regimen <sup>(2)</sup>	Treatment related adverse events leading to discontinuation	Treatment related adverse events leading to death
Double Chemo	8-22%	1-6%
lpi + Nivo	20%	< 2%
Chemo + Pembro	23-33%	3-8%
Pembro alone	10-15%	< 2%

✓ Efti + pembrolizumab combination has a very good safety profile

✓ Favorable compared to any combination which included chemotherapy

- 7 (1) Preliminary data, cut-off 16-Apr 2021
  - (2) Source: Calculated from corresponding publications e.g.: Checkmate-227; Keynote-40/189/407/48;





#### High unmet medical need for well tolerated and efficacious treatment options

Epidemiology<sup>(1)</sup>:

- 1,850,000 NSCLC diagnoses per annum worldwide growing by 1.5% p.a.
- Approximately 1,300,000 develop metastatic disease and are eligible to receive anti-PD-1/PD-L1

#### **Unmet need:**

- Modest efficacy of anti-PD-1/PD-L1 for pts with < 50% PD-L1 (~70% of total population)
- Toxicity for patients / costs for health care systems of doublet chemo + PD-1/PD-L1 is relatively high



(1) Calculated from Global Cancer Observatory (WHO), 2018 data (2) Informa Pharma Intelligence Report 2018 for US, Japan and EU5 (3) Based on ESMO Guidelines

## **TACTI-002 Results**(1)1st line NSCLC (Part A)



- PD-L1 distribution as expected (~70% with < 50% PD-L1 expression) → PD-L1 all comer trial
- Patients are typical NSCLC 1<sup>st</sup> line pts

Baseline parameters	N (%)	Best overall response, iRECIST, N = 36	Local Read (investigator) N (%)	Blinded Read (BICR) N (%)
Age (years), median (range)	68.5 (53-84)	Complete Response	2 (5.6)	2 (5.6)
Female	11 (30.6)	Partial Response	11 (30.6)	13 (36.1)
Male	25 (69.4)	Stable Disease	11 (30.6)	10 (27.8)
ECOG 0 ECOG 1	15 (41.7)	Progression	8 (22.2)	6 (16.7)
	21 (58.3)	Not Evaluable**	4 (11.1)	5 (13.9)
Current / Ex-smokers Non-smokers	34 (94.4) 2 (5.6)	Disease Control Rate	24 (66.7)	25 (69.4)
Squamous pathology Non-squamous pathology	15 (41.7) 21 (58.3)	Overall Response Rate* [95% Cl interval]	13 (36.1) [20.8-53.8]	15 (41.7) [25.5-59.2]
Patients with liver metastasis	14 (38.9)	Overall Response Rate – Evaluable pts*** [95% Cl interval]	13 (40.6) [23.7-59.4]	15 (48.4) [30.1-60.9]

\* - All patients stage 1 and 2 (N=36) with  $\geq$  1 treatment

\*\* - dropped off prior to first staging or were not evaluable post-baseline for any reason

\*\*\* - Evaluable for efficacy meaning  $\geq$  1 treatment and  $\geq$  1 post baseline tumor staging

9 ECOG... Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group iRECIST... Immune Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors BICR... Blinded Independent Central Review

## TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> line NSCLC (Part A)







#### **Duration of response (DoR)**

12

0

- 92% responses confirmed
- 58% confirmed responses ongoing with 6+ months

48

42% of confirmed responses progressed after 6.5-13.8 months

60

weeks

72

84

96

108 120

... patients still under therapy

Median DoR estimated 13+ months

- Responses at all PD-L1 levels including 1 Complete Response with TPS of 0%
- At data cut-off, 7 pts still under therapy and 1 patient completed the 2 years of therapy

Graphs represent all patients with at least one post baseline assessment. One patient has no official RECIST assessment as this was done < 6 weeks and this does not qualify according to RECIST. Per local investigator assessment. iRECIST... Immune Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors

<sup>(1)</sup> Preliminary data, cut-off Apr 16, 2021

## TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> line NSCLC (Part A) - Benchmarking



+ Pembro

Efti

PD-L1		Pembro	Pembro + Efti***	Pembro + Chemo		45%	ORR
	(TPS)	alone** (NSQ+SQ)			SQ	4370	
	≥ 50	39.5	53.8*	62.1	60.3	40%	41.7
ORR (%)	≥ 1	27.3	44.0*	~ 55.8	~ 55.1		
	< 50		31.6*	~ 40.7	~ 57.1	35%	
	Overall pop.		8.2	9.0	6.4	30%	
PFS (mths)	≥ 50	7.1	11.8	11.1	8.0	3070	
DoR (mths)	Overall pop.	20.2	NR (currently 13+)	12.4	7.7	25%	
Toxicity		Well tolerated	No significant add. toxicity	+ to	oxicity	20%	
Co-med			No add. co-med required	+ cost of cl	hemo co-med		20.0%
					J	15%	17.0%

- >**Increased ORR & median PFS**
- **Responses in PD-L1 low expressors**
- **Comparable safety profile**

- ORR & PFS comparable
- **Improved DoR**
- Less toxicity



Data for pembro derived from KN042 and KN001<sup>(2)(5)</sup>

\* Pts with PD-L1 results available and  $\geq$  1 post baseline RECIST assessments (32/36); \*\* Data for pembro derived from KN042, KN189, KN-407<sup>(2)(3)(4)</sup>; \*\*\* According to investigator read

## Head & Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC) Introduction

#### High unmet medical need for well tolerated and efficacious treatment options

#### **Epidemiology:**

- More than 585,000 HNSCC diagnoses per annum worldwide<sup>(1)</sup>
- Approximately 350,000 develop metastatic disease & are eligible to receive anti-PD-1 monotherapy or in combination with chemotherapy

#### High unmet need:

- OS in 1<sup>st</sup> line barely exceeds 12 months
- ORR of 10-18% in 2<sup>nd</sup> line regardless of therapy



immute

LAG-3 IMMUN

(1) F Bray et al.: Global cancer statistics 2018: GLOBOCAN estimates of incidence and mortality worldwide for 36 cancers in 185 countries. CA CANCER J CLIN 2018;68:394-424

(2) Athanassios Argiris et al.: Evidence-Based Treatment Options in Recurrent and/or Metastatic Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head and Neck. Front. Oncol., 09 May 2017 | https://doi.org/10.3389/fonc.2017.00072

(3) FDA and EMA approval differences. Pembrolizumab approval by the European Medicines Agency is for patients whose tumours express PD-L1 with a  $\geq$  50% TPS, which differs from FDA approval.

### TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> line HNSCC (Part C)



- 2<sup>nd</sup> line treatment for patients after platinum therapy. PD-L1 all comer population
- Doubling the ORR compared to historical pembro mono results with 13.5% Complete Responses

Baseline parameters (N=39)	N (%)
Age, median (years)	62 (37-84)
Female	4 (10.3)
Male	35 (89.7)
ECOG 0	13 (33.3)
ECOG 1	26 (66.7)
Current / Ex-smokers	33 (84.6)
Non-smokers	6 (15.4)
Previous chemotherapy	39 (100)
Previous cetuximab	16 (41.0)
Lung lesions	19 (48.7)
Liver lesions	6 (17.6)

Primary tumor location (N=39)	N (%)
Oral cavity	12 (30.8)
Oropharynx	14 (35.9)
Hypopharynx	7 (17.9)
Larynx	6 (15.4)

Best overall response*, iRECIST	Investigator assessment N (%)
Complete Response	5 (13.5)
Partial Response	6 (16.2)
Stable Disease	3 (8.1)
Progression	17 (45.9)
Not Evaluable**	6 (16.2)
Disease Control Rate	14 (37.8)
Overall Response Rate [95% CI interval]	11 (29.7) [15.9 – 47.0]
Overall Response Rate – Evaluable pts*** [95% Cl interval]	11 (35.5) [19.2 – 54.6]

\* - All patients (N=37) with ≥ 1 treatment and no death due to COVID-19 prior to first post-baseline staging

\*\* - dropped off prior to first staging or were not evaluable post-baseline for any reason

\*\*\* - evaluable patients (N=31):  $\geq$  1 treatment and  $\geq$  1 post baseline tumor staging

#### All four pathologies enrolled

23

## TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> line HNSCC (Part C)







#### Figure 3: Duration of response (DOR) for confirmed responders



- 91% confirmed responses
  - 80% confirmed responses ongoing (censoring at 4-20 months)
  - No progression prior to 6 months DOR
- Median duration of response cannot be estimated yet



### TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> line HNSCC (Part C)





- Median PFS 2.1 mths
- 30+% progression free at 6 mths

Selected for PD-L1 expression, CPS  $\geq$  1\*

Median OS (58% events)	12.6 mths
Median PFS (71% events)	4.1 mths (45% prog. free at 6 mths)
ORR iRECIST (95% CI)	<b>45.8%</b> (25.6-67.2)

- Preliminary data, cut-off 16 Apr 2021
- \* ≥ 1 treatment and no death due to COVID-19 prior to first post-baseline staging (N=37)
  - \*\* >= 1 post baseline tumor staging (N=31)

## TACTI-002 Results<sup>(1)</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> line HNSCC (Part C) – Benchmarking



ORR

 $\equiv CR$ 

	PD-L1 (CPS)	Pembro alone**	TACTI-002
ORR	≥ 1	<b>17.3</b> (2% CR)	<b>45.8</b> * (20.8% CR*)
(%)	Overall pop.	14.6	35.5#
mPFS	≥ 1	<b>2.2</b> 28.7% PFS rate at 6 mths	<b>4.1</b> * 45% PFS rate at 6 mths
(mths)	Overall pop.	<b>2.1</b> 25.6% PFS rate at 6 mths	<b>2.1</b> § 30+% PFS rate at 6 mths
mOS	≥ 1	<b>8.7</b> 40% alive at 12 mths	<b>12.6</b> * 54% alive at 12 mths
(mths)	Overall pop.	<b>8.4</b> 37% alive at 12 mths	<b>12.6</b> § 50+% alive at 12 mths

\* - only patients evaluated where PD-L1 results available (N=24); # - only evaluable patients (N=31);

§ - total pop. (N=37); \*\* Data for pembro derived from KN040<sup>(2)</sup>

- ORR of pembro mono generally low  $\rightarrow$  increase to 22% ( $\geq$  20 CPS) • and 28% (≥ 50 CPS)<sup>(4)</sup>
- Duration of response drops dramatically if you add chemo $^{(5)}$  not the • case with efti
- ORR is clearly higher with high rates of CRs; duration of response very • promising (only 1 pt. with PR discontinued in TACTI-002 so far)



TACTI-002 Part C - Historical comparison of ORRs and CRs in metastatic HNSCC for patients who has a PD-L1 CPS of ≥1. ORR for Pembrolizumab monotherapy was taken from KEYNOTE-040.

- E Cohen et al; Annals of Oncology 2019; doi:10.1093/annonc/mdz252
- KN-048: The Lancet, 2019; https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(19)32591-7



## Combining efti and anti-PD-L1 avelumab

**INSIGHT-004** 

## **INSIGHT Platform Trial in Solid Tumours**

INSIGHT-004: Efti + Avelumab Combination



**Results** 

**RP2D**, Safety,

ORR, PFS, PK, PD

INSIGHT-004 is a dose escalation study evaluating efti in combination with Bavencio ® (avelumab). Conducted as the 4<sup>th</sup> arm i.e. **Stratum D** of the INSIGHT trial.



## INSIGHT-004 (Stratum-D) Results<sup>(1)</sup>



#### Efficacy

- 5/12 (42%) with partial responses in different indications:
  - 1st line MSI high colorectal cancer; 1st line pleural mesothelioma; after radiochemo in squamous anal cell; pre-treated squamous cervical cancer (PD-L1 TPS < 1%) carcinoma; 3<sup>rd</sup> line gastroesophageal junction
- 75% (n=9) are still alive → 66.7% (n=4) of cohort 1 and 83.3% (n=5) of cohort 2



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#### Safety

- Combo of avelumab 800 mg + efti <u>6 mg</u> or <u>30 mg</u> efti s.c. is feasible and safe
- No unexpected AEs

#### Conclusion

- Treatment with efti + avelumab safe, with promising signals of efficacy
- Efti + avelumab seems to be a potent combination for enhancing PD-L1 directed therapy and needs further evaluation in new trials



Triangles at the end of the chart represents the survival status



## Competition

## Eftilagimod Alpha Leader in its Class of Oncology Products





#### Efti:

- No direct competition in Mechanism of Action
- No other MHC-II agonist under development
- Protected by comprehensive patent estate
- Proven in randomized, placebo controlled setting
- Excellent safety profile
- Low cost of goods

Efti is well positioned to potentially become "the next big thing" in oncology

# Summary and Outlook

## **TACTI-003 Trial in 1<sup>st</sup> line HNSCC** 1<sup>st</sup> line HNSCC SoC





Despite progress high unmet medical need → therapy with comparable duration of response in combination with a higher ORR and improved OS with a comparable safety profile like pembro alone would be excellent

#### Notes:

3 (1) B Burtness et al.: Pembrolizumab alone or with chemotherapy versus cetuximab with chemotherapy for recurrent or metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck (KEYNOTE-048): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 study. *The Lancet* 2019, https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(10)32591-7

## TACTI-003 Trial in 1<sup>st</sup> line HNSCC Current Design + Status





## **INSIGHT Platform Trial in Solid Tumours**

Stratum-005: Efti + Bintrafusp Alfa Combination



To evaluate the feasibility and safety of combined treatment with bintrafusp alfa (M7824) and eftilagimod alpha. Conducted as the 5<sup>th</sup> arm of the INSIGHT trial.

In collaboration with

Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany





Institut für Klinisch-Onkologische Forschung

TGF-ß trap moiety Anti-PD-L1

Bintrafusp alfa: bifunctional fusion protein that aims to block two immunosuppressive pathways: TGF-β and PD-L1

Efti: LAG-3 fusion protein that activates antigen presenting cells (APCs) via the LAG-3 – MHC II pathway

12 months

**Phase** 

Open label trial

Two sites

Patients in 3 cohorts

Combination treatment



Solid tumors

- histologically confirmed locally advanced or metastatic
- received  $\leq 4$  prior lines of therapy

Q2W for maximum of 12 months

- bintrafusp alfa 1.200mg i.v.
- eftilagimod alpha 30mg s.c.

**RP2D**, Safety, ORR, PFS, PK, PD

#### 2020 & 2021 News Flow\*





Notes: \*The actual timing of future data readouts may differ from expected timing shown above. These

dates are provided on a calendar ve



Global leadership position in LAG-3 with 4 LAG-3 related product candidates in immuno-oncology and autoimmune disease Multiple active clinical trials (including partnered candidates), with further significant data read-outs in 2021

Compelling clinical data from efti & strong rationale to combine with multiple FDA approved treatments Established collaborations with e.g. Merck (MSD), Pfizer, Merck KGaA, Novartis and GSK

# Thank you!